

CHAPTER 11 LAND DIVISION

Section 11.1 Title and Purpose.

- A. This Chapter may be known and may be cited as the Courtland Township Land Division Ordinance.
- B. The purpose of this Chapter is to carry out the provisions of the Land Division Act, Michigan Public Act 288 of 1967, as amended (the “Act”) in order to prevent the creation of parcels of land which do not comply with the Act or with applicable Township ordinances; to provide for the orderly development of land and otherwise to provide for the health, safety and welfare of the residents and property owners of the Township by establishing minimum requirements for review and approval of certain land divisions within the Township.
- C. This Chapter shall not be construed to repeal, abrogate, rescind, or otherwise to impair or interfere with provisions of other Chapters of the Township.

Section 11.2 Definitions.

- A. Certain words and phrases used in this Chapter shall have the meanings stated in this section. Other words and phrases, if defined by the Act, shall have the meanings stated in the Act.
 - 1. **Administrator** means the Township Assessor.
 - 2. **Division** or **land division** means the partitioning or splitting of a parcel or tract of land by the proprietor thereof or by his or her heirs, executors, administrators, legal representatives, successors or assigns for the purpose of sale, or lease of more than one year, or of building development that results in one or more parcels of less than 40 acres or the equivalent (as defined in the Act), and that satisfies the requirements of Sections 108 and 109 of the Act. Division does not include a property transfer between two or more adjacent parcels, if the land taken from one parcel is added to an adjacent parcel.
 - 3. **Exempt split** means the partitioning or splitting of a parcel or tract of land by the proprietor thereof or by his or her heirs, executors, administrators, legal representatives, successors or assigns that does not result in one or more parcels of less than 40 acres or the equivalent.
 - 4. **Parcel** means a contiguous area of land which can be described as stated in Section 102(g) of the Act.
 - 5. **Parent parcel** or **parent tract** means a parcel or tract, respectively, lawfully in existence on March 31, 1997.

6. **Private road** means a private road which complies with the requirements of the Township Zoning Ordinance.
7. **Road authority** means the governmental authority having jurisdiction of a public road or public street.
8. **Resulting parcel(s)** means one or more parcels which result from a land division.
9. **Tract** means two or more parcels that share a common property line and are under the same ownership

Section 11.3 Land Division Approval Required. Any division of land, including any partitioning or splitting of land, within the Township which requires the approval of the Township in order to qualify as a land division under the Act shall satisfy the applicable provisions of this Chapter.

Section 11.4 Application for Land Division Approval.

- A. A proposed land division shall be filed with the Administrator and shall include the following:
 1. A completed application, on such written form as the Township may provide, including any exhibits described therein;
 2. Proof of an ownership interest in the land which is the subject of the proposed division, or written consent to the application, signed by the owner of such land;
 3. A land title search, abstract of title, or other evidence of land title acceptable to the Administrator which is sufficient to establish that the parent parcel or parent tract of the land which is the subject of the proposed division was lawfully in existence on March 31, 1997.
 4. A copy of each deed or other instrument of conveyance which contains the statement required by Section 109(3) of the Act concerning the right to make further divisions.
 5. A tentative parcel map showing the parent parcel or parent tract which is the subject of the application, and the area, parcel lines, public utility easements, and the manner of proposed access for each resulting parcel. The tentative parcel map, including the resulting parcels, shall be accurately and clearly drawn to scale. A tentative parcel map shall include:
 - a. Date, north arrow, scale, and the name of the person or firm responsible for the preparation of the tentative parcel map;
 - b. Proposed boundary lines and the dimensions of each parcel;

- c. An adequate and accurate legal description of each resulting parcel;
 - d. A drawing or written description of all previous land divisions from the same parent parcel or parent tract, identifying the number, area and date of such divisions;
 - e. The location, dimensions and nature of proposed ingress to and egress from any existing public or private streets; and
 - f. The location of any public or private street, driveway or utility easement to be located within any resulting parcel. Copies of the instruments describing and granting such easements shall be submitted with the application.
 - g. If a resulting parcel is a development site (as defined in the Act), the location of all public utility easements serving the parcel.
- 6. Other information reasonably required by the Administrator in order to determine whether the proposed land division qualifies for approval.
 - 7. Payment of the application fee and other applicable fees and charges established by resolution of the Township Board.
- B. A proposed division shall not be considered filed with the Township, nor shall the time period stated in subsection 11.5.B commence, until all of the requirements for an application for land division approval have been complied with.

Section 11.5 Minimum Requirements for Approval of Land Divisions.

- A. A proposed land division shall be approved by the Administrator upon satisfaction of all of the following requirements:
 - 1. The application requirements of Section 11.4.
 - 2. All resulting parcels to be created by the proposed land division(s) shall fully comply with the applicable lot area and lot width requirements of the Township Zoning Ordinance for the zoning district(s) in which the resulting parcels are located.
 - 3. Each resulting parcel shall have the depth to width ratio specified by the Township Zoning Ordinance for the zoning district(s) in which the resulting parcel is located. If the Township Zoning Ordinance does not specify a depth to width ratio, each resulting parcel which is 10 acres or less in area shall have a depth which is not more than four times the width of the parcel. The width and depth of the resulting parcel shall be measured in the same manner provided by the Township Zoning Ordinance for the measuring of the minimum width and maximum depth of parcels.

4. Each resulting parcel shall have a means of vehicular access to an existing street from an existing or proposed driveway or access easement. Such means of access shall comply with all applicable location standards of the governmental authority having jurisdiction of the existing street.
 5. The proposed division, together with any previous division(s) of the same parent parcel or parent tract, shall not result in a number of resulting parcels that is greater than that permitted under Section 108 of the Act.
 6. Each resulting parcel that is a development site (as defined in the Act) shall have adequate easements for public utilities from the resulting parcel to existing public utility facilities.
- B. The Administrator shall approve or disapprove a proposed land division within 45 days after the complete filing of the proposed division with the Administrator, and shall provide the person who filed the application written notice whether the application is approved or disapproved and, if disapproved, all the reasons for the disapproval.
 - C. Any notice of approval of a division resulting in a parcel less than 1 acre in size shall contain a statement that the Township, its officers and employees are not liable if a building permit is not issued for the parcel for the reasons set forth in Section 109(a) of the Act, including requirements regarding suitability of on-site water supply and on-site sewage disposal, as described in Section 105(g) of the Act.
 - D. An applicant aggrieved by the decision of the Administrator may, within 30 days of the decision, file a written appeal of the decision to the Township Board, which shall consider and decide the appeal by a majority vote of the members present and voting at a public meeting. At least 10 days' written notice of the date, time and place of the meeting at which the appeal is to be considered shall be given to the applicant by regular, first-class mail, directed to the applicant's address as shown in the application or in the written appeal. The Township Board may affirm or reverse the decision of the Administrator, in whole or in part, and its decision shall be final.
 - E. The Administrator shall maintain a record of all land divisions approved by the Township.

Section 11.6 Exempt Splits and Other Divisions not Subject to Approval.

- A. An exempt split is not subject to approval by the Township if all resulting parcels are accessible (as defined in the Act) or if either subsections C.1 or .2 applies.
- B. The Township shall not permit the creation of an exempt split if one or more of the resulting parcels are not accessible unless either subsections C.1 or .2 applies to all such inaccessible parcels.

- C. An exempt split or other partitioning or splitting of a parcel or tract that only results in parcels of 20 acres or more in size is not subject to approval by the Township if the parcel or tract is not accessible and either of the following applies:
 - 1. The parcel or tract was in existence on March 31, 1997.
 - 2. The parcel or tract resulted from an exempt split or other partitioning or splitting under Section 109b of the Act.

Section 11.7 Approval of Land Divisions.

- A. A decision approving a land division shall be effective for not more than 90 days after such approval by the Administrator or, if appealed, by the Township Board, unless either of the following requirements is satisfied within such 90-day period:
 - 1. A deed or other recordable instrument of conveyance, accurately describing the resulting parcel(s), shall be recorded with the county register of deeds and a true copy thereof, showing proof of such recording, shall be filed with the Administrator; or
 - 2. A survey accurately showing the resulting parcel(s) shall be recorded with the county register of deeds and a true copy thereof, showing proof of such recording, shall be filed with the Administrator. Such survey shall comply with the minimum requirements of Public Act 132 of 1970, as amended.

If neither paragraph (a) nor paragraph (b) is satisfied, such land division approval shall without further action on the part of the Township, be deemed revoked and of no further effect after the 90th day following such approval by the Administrator or, if appealed, by the Township Board.

- B. All deeds and other recordable instruments of conveyance and all surveys submitted in compliance with Section 7.A shall be reviewed by the Administrator in order to determine their conformity with the approved tentative parcel map. The Administrator shall mark the date of approval of the proposed land division on all deeds, other recordable instruments of conveyance and surveys which are in conformity with the approved tentative parcel map and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this Chapter. Such documents shall be maintained by the Administrator in the Township record of the approved land division.
- C. The approval of a land division is not a determination that the resulting parcels comply with other ordinances or regulations.
- D. Any parcel created inconsistent with or in violation of this Chapter, where approval hereunder is required, shall not be eligible for issuance of building permits, zoning ordinance approvals or other land use or building approvals under other Township ordinances, nor shall any such parcel be established as a separate parcel on the tax assessment roll.